# SAULT COLLEGE OF APPLIED ARTS & TECHNOLOGY

SAULT STE. MARIE, ONTARIO

# COURSE OUTLINE

DEVELOPMENT

STRUCTURED PROGRAM

Course No.: CET129

Program: COMPUTER ENGINEERING
TECHNOLOGY

Semester: SECOND(2)

Date: JANUARY 1994

Author: FRANK TURCO

Previous

Outline Dated: JANUARY 1993

APPROVED: \_\_\_\_\_ Date

**CET129** 

# COURSE OUTLINE

PREREQUISITES:

CET106

LENGTH OF COURSE:

4 HOURS PER WEEK

TOTAL CREDIT HOURS: 64

#### I. PHILOSOPHY/GOALS

This course is intended to provide the student with a firm base of VAX/VMS concepts and structured programming concepts. The student is also taught the fundamentals of VAX usage through the study of DCL programming techniques and the use of VAX utilities. The student applies structured programming concepts to more complex problems and will improve his/her skills in the Fortran programming language.

# II. PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES

Upon successful completion of this course the student will:

- 1. Use the EVE editor.
- Understand and apply a variety of commonly used DCL commands such as:

Assign, GOTO, IF, Inquire, Purge, SET commands, SHOW commands,

- 3. Create DCL command procedures.
- Understand and apply file and directory protection options.
- 5. Follow proper Structure and problem solving Techniques.
- Create Fortran programs that demonstrate capabilities in:
   Using Arrays, Using Functions, Using Subroutines
   Using Format Statements, Reading and Writing Files.
- Solve programming problems using the VAX symbolic debugging program.

# III. TOPICS TO BE COVERED

This particular course is an extension of CET106 which introduces the student to VAX/VMS and programming. It follows where that particular course ends and covers in detail the following topics:

- VAX/VMS Commands.
- 2. EVE editor.
- Command Procedures.
- 4. Structured Programming and Problem solving techniques.
- 5. Arrays.
- 6. Functions and Subroutines.
- 7. Libraries.
- 8. File Input and Output.
- 9. Debugging Concepts and using the Symbolic Debugger.

# IV. LEARNING ACTIVITIES / REQUIRED RESOURCES

The learning activities have been blocked in related topic areas. The sequence in which they will be delivered may not necessarily correspond to these blocks. However, we will attempt to cover all of activities by the end of the course.

#### BLOCK 1 USING THE VMS EVE EDITOR

#### LEARNING ACTIVITIES

Throughout this course we will use the EVE Editor to make the program coding and debugging easier.

At the end of this block the student will be able to use the EVE editor to do the following features:

- 1. General editing.
- 2. Cut and Paste.
- Replace and Substitute.
- 4. Find.
- 5. Buffers.
- Include Files.
- Create Windows and move from Window to Window.

#### RESOURCES

Instructor's Handouts, Guidance, and Material covered in the class and Labs.

VMS USER"S GUIDE Chapter

CET129

#### BLOCK 2

#### DEBUGGING TOOLS AND TECHNIQUES

#### LEARNING ACTIVITIES

RESOURCES

Throughout this course and in future courses the student will find debugging techniques an essential tool to programming and problem solving.

At the end of this block the student will be able to:

- Understand that it is imperative to know what the program is supposed to do before you can start to effectively solve the problem through debugging.
- Define what the outcome is supposed to be and identify what the input is.
- Establish test data and test outcomes.
- Produce desk copies of the required documentation that will help in solving the problems.
- Isolate what the program does right and what it does wrong.
- Focus energies on solving one problem at a time.
- Proficiently desk check the code and walk through the code by manually memory mapping the iterative outcomes.
- Proficiently work with the VAX SYMBOLIC DEBUGGER.
- Understand what the common VAX DEBUGGER commands are and what they do.

Instructor's Handouts, Guidance, and Material covered in the class and

ONLINE VAX
HELP FACILITY
RELATED TO
DEBUGGING

# PAGE 4

## STRUCTURED PROGRAM DEVELOPMENT

CET129

# BLOCK 3 MODULAR FORTRAN PROGRAMMING

#### LEARNING ACTIVITIES

RESOURCES

Throughout this course the student will continue to strengthen their programming skills and problem solving.

At the end of this block the student will be able to:

- Understand what FUNCTIONS are and how to use them.
- Understand what SUBROUTINES are and how to use them.
- Understand what Libraries are and how to use them.
- Appreciate how subroutines and Functions are essential to proper structured programming.
- Write programs using functions and subroutines.

Instructor's Handouts, Guidance, and Material covered in the class and Labs.

VAX FORTRAN Text Chapters 9 to 10

#### BLOCK 4 ARRAY, STRING and INPUT/OUTPUT PROCESSING

#### LEARNING ACTIVITIES

RESOURCES

Array and string processing become important tools when dealing with more advanced problems.

At the end of this block the student will be able to:

- Understand what ARRAYS are and when to use them.
- Understand the difference between one dimensional and multidimensional arrays.
- Write programs utilizing one and two dimensional arrays.
- Understand what STRING processing is.
- Write programs utilizing String Manipulation.
- Write programs that will process sequential files.

Instructor's Handouts, Guidance, and Material covered in the class and Labs.

VAX FORTRAN Text Chapters 8, 11, 12, and 14

# PAGE 5

# STRUCTURED PROGRAM DEVELOPMENT

CET129

#### BLOCK 5 STRUCTURED APPROACH TO PROBLEM SOLVING

#### LEARNING ACTIVITIES

RESOURCES

Throughout this course we will attempt to focus our energy on ensuring that we take the time to solve the problems in our mind and on paper prior to sitting down and coding. Experience has shown that a student who takes the time to really understand the problem and follows structured programming techniques saves time in the long run and becomes a better programmer.

At the end of this block the students will be able to:

- Properly define the problem in his/her own words.
- Describe what has to be done to solve the problem in English.
- Understand what program design is and why it is important.
- Describe and use the following structured programming tools and techniques:
  - a) Pseudo Code
  - b) Modular Code
  - c) Peer Walk Through
- Develop larger and more complex programs.

Instructor's Handouts, Guidance, and Material covered in the class and Labs.

VMS USER"S GUIDE Chapter 6

# **CET129**

# BLOCK 6 COMMAND PROCEDURES

# LEARNING ACTIVITIES

RESOURCES

Throughout this course the student will continue to strengthen their skills in using the VAX.

At the end of this block the student will be able to:

- Discuss the concept of a command procedure, and relate it to the use of a LOGIN.COM file.
- Understand the use of the logical names SYS\$INPUT, SYS\$OUTPUT, SYS\$ERROR, and SYS\$COMMAND.
- 3. Describe the form and use of the DCL commands such as the following:
  a) INQUIRE b) IF c) EXIT d) GOTO e) WRITE
- Describe the ways of defining symbols in DCL, and the method of displaying symbols and logical names.
- Define keys using the DEFINE/KEY command.
- Assign logical names with the ASSIGN or DEFINE commands.
- Understand and use the SET PROTECTION command to protect files and directories.
- 8. Write a login command procedure that creates a personal working environment, including a menu driven procedure that allows them to select the working environment.

Instructor's Handouts, Guidance, and Material covered in the class and Labs.

VAX VMS USERS GUIDE Chapters

6 to 7

Appendix A.

# VI. SPECIAL NOTES

- Students with special needs are encouraged to discuss required accommodations confidentially with the instructor.
- Your instructor reserves the right to modify the course as he/she deems necessary to meet the needs of students.

# VII. ASSESSMENT

Theory Tests, Practical Tests and Quizzes 65 % Assignments 35 %

The tentative breakdown is as follows:

3 2 2	FORMAL THEORY TESTS PRACTICAL TESTS QUIZZES	at	5	%	each. each.
7	ASSIGNMENTS	at	5	96	each.

Some minor modifications to the above percentages may be necessary. The instructor reserves the right to adjust the mark up or down 5 % based on attendance, participation and whether there is an improving trend.

- \* All Assignments must be completed satisfactorily to complete this course. Late hand in penalties will be 5 % per day. Assignments will not be accepted past one week late unless there are extenuating and legitimate circumstances.
- \* The instructor reserves the right to adjust the number of tests, practical tests and quizzes based on unforseen circumstances. The students will be given sufficient notice to any changes and the reasons thereof.

# VII. ASSESSMENT (CONTINUED)

#### GRADING SCHEME

# 1. TESTS

Written tests will be conducted as deemed necessary; generally at the end of each block of work. They will be announced about one week in advance. Practical on-line tests will be conducted in which time to complete the assigned problems will be a factor in the evaluation. Quizzes may be conducted without advance warning.

# ASSIGNMENTS

Assignments not completed by the assigned due-date will be penalized by 5% per day late. All assignments must be completed satisfactorily to complete the course.

#### GRADING SCHEME

A+	90 -	100%	Outstanding achievement
A	80 -	89%	Excellent achievement
В	70 -	79%	Average Achievement
C	55 -	69%	Satisfactory Achievement
R	Repeat		

A temporary grade that is limited to instances where special circumstances have prevented the student from completing objectives by the end of the semester. An X grade must be authorized by the Chairperson. It reverts to an R if not upgraded in an agreed-upon time, less than 120 days.

#### 4. UPGRADING OF INCOMPLETE

When a student's course work is incomplete or final grade is below 55%, there is the possibility of upgrading to a pass when the student's performance warrants it. Attendance and assignment completion will have a bearing on whether upgrading will be allowed. A failing grade on all tests will remove the option of any upgrading and an R grade will result. The highest grade on re-written tests or assignments will be 56%. Where a student's overall performance has been consistently unsatisfactory, an R grade may be assigned without the option of make-up work.

The method of upgrading is at the discretion of the teacher and may consist of one or more of the following options: assigned make-up work, re-doing assignments, re-writing of tests, or writing a comprehensive supplemental examination.